

Module 1: Indian Contract Act, 1872

1. Define a contract and identify its essentials for validity.
2. Analyze the concepts of offer and acceptance in forming a contract.
3. Evaluate the importance of consideration in a contract.
4. Examine the significance of contractual capacity and free consent in a contract.
5. Classify different types of contracts based on their nature and elements.
6. Discuss the methods of discharge of a contract.
7. Assess the consequences of breach of contract and the available remedies.

Module 2: The Sale of Goods Act, 1930

1. Define a contract of sale and its essentials.
2. Differentiate between conditions and warranties in a contract of sale.
3. Analyze the transfer of ownership in goods and exceptions to the rule.
4. Evaluate the rights of an unpaid seller against the goods and the buyer.
5. Discuss the performance of a contract of sale and the obligations of the parties involved.

Module 3: Negotiable Instruments Act 1881

1. Define negotiable instruments and their characteristics.
2. Differentiate between the types of negotiable instruments such as promissory notes, bills of exchange, and cheques.
3. Analyze the parties involved in negotiable instruments.
4. Evaluate the consequences of dishonour of negotiable instruments and the process of noting and protesting.

Module 4: Consumer Protection Act 1986

1. Define important terms in the Consumer Protection Act such as consumer, consumer dispute, defect, deficiency, and unfair trade practices.
2. Analyze the rights of consumers under the Consumer Protection Act.
3. Evaluate the role of consumer redressal agencies such as District Forum, State Commission, and National Commission.

Module 5: Environment Protection Act 1986

1. Identify the objectives of the Environment Protection Act 1986.
2. Define important terms related to environmental protection.
3. Analyze the types of pollution and the powers of the Central Government to protect the environment in India.