Enterprise Resource Planning

Upon completion of the Enterprise Resource Planning course, students will be able to:

Module No. 1: Introduction to ERP

- 1. Define Enterprise Resource Planning and explain its origin and the need for an ERP system (Knowledge)
- 2. Identify the benefits of an ERP system and reasons for the growth of the ERP market (Comprehension)
- 3. Assess the risks associated with ERP implementation and outline a road map for successful ERP deployment (Evaluation)

Module No. 2: ERP related Technologies and Modules

- 1. Analyze the concept of Business Process Re-engineering and its importance in ERP implementation (Analysis)
- 2. Evaluate the role of Functional Modules such as Sales and Distribution, Human Resource, Finance, and Production in an ERP system (Evaluation)
- 3. Discuss the significance of Customer Relationship Management and its impact on organizational processes (Comprehension)

Module No. 3: ERP implementation

- 1. Outline the ERP Implementation Life cycle and transition strategies involved in the process (Comprehension)
- 2. Evaluate the role of ERP vendors, consultants, and project teams in successful ERP implementation (Evaluation)
- 3. Analyze the resistance faced by employees during ERP implementation and develop strategies to address it effectively (Analysis)

Module No. 4: ERP post-implementation

- 1. Identify success and failure factors of ERP implementation and strategies for maximizing the ERP system (Evaluation)
- 2. Discuss the importance of data migration, project management, and monitoring in ensuring smooth ERP operations (Knowledge)
- 3. Evaluate the significance of ERP operations and maintenance in sustaining the system effectiveness (Evaluation)

Module No. 5: Future directions in ERP

- 1. Explore new trends in ERP such as ERP II and the development of organization-wide ERP systems (Analysis)
- 2. Examine the implementation of ERP in E-business and the impact of ERP on new markets and channels (Evaluation)
- 3. Discuss the latest ERP implementation methodologies and their implications for future ERP systems (Comprehension)